

MATH 241 Spring, 1996 Exam #3 Name: _____

Show your work for full credit. Calculators are allowed.

1. (20 points) Compute each double integral. Change the order of integration, if necessary.

a.
$$\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\sin \theta} 6r \cos \theta \, dr \, d\theta$$

b.
$$\int_0^4 \int_{\sqrt{x}}^2 \sin(y^3) \, dy \, dx$$

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2. (16 points) Let $\mathbf{F} = (yz + 4x)\mathbf{i} + xz\mathbf{j} + (xy - z^3)\mathbf{k}$.
- Compute $\text{div}(\mathbf{F})$.
 - Compute $\text{curl}(\mathbf{F})$.
 - Is \mathbf{F} conservative or not? Explain!
3. (10 points) Give plausible formulas for each of the vector fields described below.
- An force of attraction towards the origin in 3-space that weakens as the distance from the origin increases.
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4. (8 points) Use diagram b. in the problem above. Give three paths, C_1 , C_2 , C_3 , composed just of line segments, from P to Q , so that $\int_{C_1} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} > 0$, $\int_{C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = 0$, $\int_{C_3} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} < 0$.

5. (12 points) Use Green's Theorem to compute $\oint_C y dx + xy dy$ where C is the boundary of the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(3, 0)$, and $(3, 6)$, traversed counterclockwise.
6. (10 points) *Set up, but do NOT compute* the double integral that gives the volume of the solid in the first octant bounded by the surface $9z = 36 - 9x^2 - 4y^2$ and the coordinate planes.

7. (24 points) Compute each line integral, using the given parameterization.
- a. $\int_C (2x + 9z) ds$, where C is the curve $x = t$, $y = t^2$, $z = t^3$, for $0 \leq t \leq 1$.
- b. $\int_C \mathbf{G} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where $\mathbf{G} = (x + y, x - y)$ and C is the curve $x = \cos t$, $y = 3 \sin t$, for $0 \leq t \leq \pi/2$. Suggestion: recall that $\cos^2 t - \sin^2 t = \cos(2t)$.
- c. Find a potential function for the vector field \mathbf{G} of part b., and use this to re-compute the integral.