In each case compute the derivative. There is no need to "simplify". Your answer should be in the form derivative (in some notation) equals something.

1.
$$f(x) = 4\ln(x^2 + 6)$$

$$f(x) = 4 \frac{1}{x^2 + 6} 2x = \frac{8x}{x^2 + 6}$$

$$2. \quad h(x) = e^{8x - 10x^3}$$

$$h(x) = e^{8x-10x^3}$$
 (8-30x2)

3.
$$w = \frac{3r^2}{5r+1}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dr} = \frac{(5r+1)(6r) - 3r^2(5)}{(5r+1)^2}$$

4.
$$g(z) = (z^4 + z^2)^{3/5}$$

$$g(z) = \frac{3}{5}(z^4 + z^3)^{-\frac{3}{5}}(4z^3 + 2z)$$

5.
$$y = \sqrt{t}e^{-t^3} = t^{\frac{1}{2}}e^{-t^3}$$

$$y' = \frac{dy}{dt} = \sqrt{t} e^{-t^3} (-3t^2) + e^{-t^3} \frac{1}{2}t^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$