Math 546, Exam 1, Spring, 2001

PRINT Your Name:

There are 8 problems on 4 pages. Problems 1–4 are worth 13 points each. Each of the other problems is worth 12 points.

- 1. Define "Group".
- 2. Define "subgroup".
- 3. True or False (If true, then prove it. If false, then give a counterexample.) If H and K are subgroups of the group G, then the intersection of H and K is a subgroup of G.
- 4. True or False (If true, then prove it. If false, then give a counterexample.) If H and K are subgroups of the group G, then the union of H and K is a subgroup of G.
- 5. True or False (If true, then prove it. If false, then give a counterexample.) If H and K are non-zero subgroups of $(\mathbb{Q}, +)$, then the intersection of H and K is non-zero.
- 6. True or False (If true, then prove it. If false, then give a counterexample.) If H and K are non-zero subgroups of $(\mathbb{R}, +)$, then the intersection of H and K is non-zero.
- 7. True or False (If true, then prove it. If false, then give a counterexample.) If (G, *) is an abelian group and $H = \{g \in G \mid g * g = e\}$, then H is a subgroup of G.
- 8. True or False (If true, then prove it. If false, then give a counterexample.) If (G, *) is a group and $H = \{g \in G \mid g * g = e\}$, then H is a subgroup of G.