

9. (6 points) This problem has TWO parts.  
 (a) LIST the right cosets of  $\langle \sigma \rangle$  in  $D_4$ .

$$\langle \sigma \rangle \omega = \{\omega, \sigma\}$$

$$\langle \sigma \rangle \rho = \{\rho, \sigma\rho\}$$

$$\langle \sigma \rangle \rho^2 = \{\rho^2, \sigma\rho^2\}$$

$$\langle \sigma \rangle \rho^3 = \{\rho^3, \sigma\rho^3\}$$

- (b) Let  $S$  equal the set of right cosets of  $\langle \sigma \rangle$  in  $D_4$ . Is

$$(\langle \sigma \rangle x, \langle \sigma \rangle y) \mapsto \langle \sigma \rangle xy$$

a well-defined FUNCTION from  $S \times S$  to  $S$ ? EXPLAIN.

No  $\langle \sigma \rangle \rho = \langle \sigma \rangle \sigma\rho$

$$\langle \sigma \rangle \rho = \langle \sigma \rangle \sigma\rho$$

but  $\langle \sigma \rangle \rho \cdot \langle \sigma \rangle \rho = \langle \sigma \rangle \rho^2$

and  $\langle \sigma \rangle \sigma\rho \cdot \langle \sigma \rangle \sigma\rho = \langle \sigma \rangle \sigma\rho\sigma\rho = \langle \sigma \rangle \omega$

we are different