

4. State Lagrange's Theorem. If  $H$  is a subgroup of the finite group  $G$ , then the order of  $H$  divides the order of  $G$ .

5. True or False (If true, then prove it. If false, then give a counterexample.) If  $H$  and  $K$  are non-zero subgroups of  $(\mathbb{R}, +)$ , then the intersection of  $H$  and  $K$  is non-zero.

**False** Let  $H = \mathbb{Z}$  Let  $K = \langle \sqrt{2} \rangle = \{n\sqrt{2} \mid n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$   
 Observe that  $H \cap K = \{0\}$  because if  $r \in H \cap K$ , then  
 $r \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $r = n\sqrt{2}$  for some integer  $n$ . If  $n \neq 0$ ,  
 then  $r = n\sqrt{2}$  tells me that  $\frac{r}{n} = \sqrt{2}$ . I know that  $\sqrt{2}$  is  
 not a rational number so  $n$  must be 0; hence  $r = 0$ .