Math 546, Exam 1, Fall, 1994
PRINT Your Name: $\qquad$
There are 7 problems on 4 pages. The exam is worth a total of 50 points. Problem 1 is worth 8 points. The other problems are worth 7 points each.

1. TRUE or FALSE. (If true, PROVE it. If false, give a COUNTER EXAMPLE.) If $H$ and $K$ are subgroups of a group $G$, then the intersection $H \cap K$ is also a subgroup of $G$.
2. TRUE or FALSE. (If true, PROVE it. If false, give a COUNTER EXAMPLE.) If $H$ and $K$ are subgroups of a group $G$, then the union $H \cup K$ is also a subgroup of $G$.
3. Let $G$ be an abelian group with identity element $e$. Let

$$
H=\left\{x \in G \mid x^{2}=e\right\} .
$$

Prove that $H$ is a subgroup of $G$.
4. Let $G$ be a group with identity element $e$. Suppose that $a, b$, and $c$ are elements of $G$ with $c * b * a=e$. Prove that $b * a * c$ is also equal to $e$.
5. Let $\mathbb{R}^{*}$ represent the set of nonzero real numbers. Define a binary operation $*$ on $\mathbb{R}^{*}$ by $a * b=b / a$. Is $\left(\mathbb{R}^{*}, *\right)$ a group? If so prove it. If not, show why not.
6. Let $G$ be a group. Let

$$
H=\{x \in G \mid x y=y x \text { for all } y \in G\} .
$$

Prove that $H$ is a subgroup of $G$.
7. Let $G$ be a group with identity element $e$. Suppose that $x^{2}=e$ for all $x \in G$. Prove that $G$ is an abelian group.

