Math 544, Summer 2003, Exam 2

PRINT Your Name:____

Please also write your name on the back of the exam.

There are 10 problems on 5 pages. Each problem is worth 5 points. The exam is worth a total of 50 points. SHOW your work. \boxed{CIRCLE} your answer. **CHECK** your answer whenever possible. **No Calculators.**

If I know your e-mail address, I will e-mail your grade to you. If I don't already know your e-mail address and you want me to know it, then **send me an e-mail**.

I will leave your exam outside my office door later today, you may pick it up any time between then and the next class.

I will post the solutions on my website shortly after the class is finished.

- 1. Define "linearly independent". Use complete sentences.
- 2. Define "non-singular". Use complete sentences.
- 3. Let A be an $n \times n$ matrix. List three conditions which are equivalent to the statement "A is non-singular". (I expect three new conditions in addition to "A is non-singular". Also, I do **not** expect you to repeat your answer to problem 2.)
- 4. Find the GENERAL solution of the following system of linear equations. Also, list three SPECIFIC solutions, if possible. CHECK that the specific solutions satisfy the equations.

- 6. True or False. (If true, explain why or give a proof. If false, give a counter example.) If A, B are 2×2 invertible matrices, then AB is an invertible matrix.
- 7. True or False. (If true, explain why or give a proof. If false, give a counter example.) If the vectors v_1 , v_2 , and v_3 are linearly independent, then the vectors $v_1 + v_3$, $v_2 + v_3$, and $v_1 + v_2$ are also linearly independent.
- 8. True or False. (If true, explain why or give a proof. If false, give a counter example.) If the vectors v_1 , v_2 , and v_3 are linearly independent, then the vectors $v_1 v_3$, $v_3 v_2$, and $v_2 v_1$ are also linearly independent.
- 9. True or False. (If true, explain why or give a proof. If false, give a counter example.) If A, B, and C are 2×2 matrices, with $A \neq 0$ and BA = CA, then B = C.
- 10. True or False. (If true, explain why or give a proof. If false, give a counter example.) If A, B are 2×2 matrices, with AB equal to the identity matrix, then BA is also equal to the identity matrix.