Please PRINT your name \_\_\_\_\_

## No calculators, cell phones, computers, notes, etc.

Circle your answer. Make your work correct, complete and coherent.

Please take a picture of your quiz (for your records) just before you turn the quiz in. I will e-mail your grade and my comments to you. I will keep your quiz.

The quiz is worth 5 points. The solutions will be posted on my website later today.

## Quiz 8, April 18, 2022

Yes or No. Let  $v_1, v_2, v_3$  be vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and let  $T : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}^m$  be a linear transformation. Suppose that  $T(v_1), T(v_2), T(v_3)$  are linearly independent vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^m$ . Do the vectors  $v_1$ ,  $v_2, v_3$  have to be linearly independent? If yes, prove it. If no, give an example.

**Answer:** <u>YES!</u> Suppose  $c_1v_1 + c_2v_2 + c_3v_3 = 0$ . Apply the linear transformation *T* and use the fact that *T* is a linear transformation to see that  $c_1T(v_1) + c_2T(v_2) + c_3T(v_3) = 0$ . The vectors  $T(v_1)$ ,  $T(v_2)$ ,  $T(v_3)$  are linearly independent; hence,  $c_1 = c_2 = c_3 = 0$  and  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$ ,  $v_3$  are linearly independent.