

Math 242, Exam 1, Fall, 2023

**You should KEEP this piece of paper.** Write everything on the **blank paper provided**. Return the problems **in order** (use as much paper as necessary), use **only one side** of each piece of paper. Number your pages and write your name on each page. Take a picture of your exam (for your records) just before you turn the exam in. I will e-mail your grade and my comments to you. I will keep your exam. **Fold your exam in half** before you turn it in.

The exam is worth 50 points. Each problem is worth 10 points. **Make your work coherent, complete, and correct.** Please CIRCLE your answer. Please **CHECK** your answer whenever possible.

The solutions will be posted later today.

**No Calculators, Cell phones, computers, notes, etc.**

- (1) A population of 80 cougars decreases at a rate of 5% per year. How many cougars will there be after 6 years?
- (2) **Set this problem up completely. DO NOT SOLVE IT.** A 120-gallon tank initially contains 90 pounds of salt dissolved in 90 gallons of water. Brine containing 2 pounds/gallon of salt flows into the tank at the rate of 4 gallons per minute, and the well-stirred mixture flows out of the tank at the rate of 3 gallons per minute. How much salt does the tank contain when it is full?
- (3) At time zero an object has position  $x_0$  and velocity  $v_0$ . Suppose that the object moves through a resisting medium with resistance proportional to its velocity  $v$ , so that  $\frac{dv}{dt} = -kv$ . Find the velocity and position of the object at time  $t$ .
- (4) Solve the Differential Equation  $xy' + 2y = 6x^2\sqrt{y}$ .

**PLEASE TURN OVER.**

- (5) The Logistic Equation is  $\frac{dP}{dt} = kP(M - P)$ , where  $k$  and  $M$  are positive constants. The solution of the Logistic Equation is

$$P(t) = \frac{MP(0)}{P(0) + (M - P(0))e^{-kMt}}.$$

Recall that if a population  $P(t)$  satisfies the logistic equation

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = aP - bP^2,$$

where  $B = aP$  is the time rate at which births occur and  $D = bP^2$  is the rate at which deaths occur, then the limiting population is

$$M = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} P(t) = \frac{B(0)P(0)}{D(0)}.$$

Consider a rabbit population  $P(t)$  which satisfies the logistic equation. If the initial population is 240 rabbits and there are 9 births per month and 12 deaths per month occurring at time  $t = 0$ , how many months does it take for  $P(t)$  to reach 105% of the limiting population  $M$ ?