

Problem 33 in Section 7.3. Use Laplace transforms to solve the Initial Value Problem:

$$x'''' + x = 0, \quad x(0) = x'(0) = x''(0) = 0, \quad x'''(0) = 1.$$

(You probably want to use some of the problems 23-26 in 7.3 when you do this problem.)

Solution. Let $X = \mathcal{L}(x)$. Use the fact

$$\mathcal{L}(f') = s\mathcal{L}(f) - f(0)$$

four times to calculate

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}(x') &= s\mathcal{L}(x) - x(0) = sX \\ \mathcal{L}(x'') &= s\mathcal{L}(x') - x'(0) = s^2X \\ \mathcal{L}(x''') &= s\mathcal{L}(x'') - x''(0) = s^3X \\ \mathcal{L}(x'''') &= s\mathcal{L}(x''') - x'''(0) = s^4X - 1 \end{aligned}$$

Transform the Differential Equation to obtain

$$s^4X - 1 + X = 0$$

$$(s^4 + 1)X = 1$$

$$X = \frac{1}{s^4 + 1}$$

$$x = \mathcal{L}^{-1}(X) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s^4+1}\right)$$

Use problem 26 in Section 7.3:

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s^4 + 4a^4}\right) = \frac{1}{4a^3}(\cosh at \sin at - \sinh at \cos at)$$

For us $a = \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{4}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$. Of course,

$$\cosh x = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} \quad \text{and} \quad \sinh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}.$$

Thus,

$$x = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s^4+1}\right) = \frac{1}{4\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^3} \left[\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{2} \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{2} \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right].$$

Observe that $4\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^3 = \sqrt{2}$. We conclude that

$$x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{2} \right) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{2} \right) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right].$$

Check. Plug

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}{2} \right) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}{2} \right) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right] \\
 x' &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left\{ \left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}{2} \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}{2} \right) \frac{(-1)}{\sqrt{2}} \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}{2} \right) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}{2} \right) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}{2} \right) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
 x'' &= \frac{1}{2} \left[(e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left[(e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right] \\
 x''' &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left\{ \left[(e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \left(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right] \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \left[(e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right] \right\} \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}\right) (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
 x'''' &= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left[(e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) (-1) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right] \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) \left[- (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

into $x'''' + x$ and get

$$\left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right) \left[- (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + (e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right] \right. \\
 \left. + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} + e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}{2} \right) \sin\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \left(\frac{e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}} - e^{-\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}}}{2} \right) \cos\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right], \right.$$

which is $0\checkmark$; $x(0) = 0\checkmark$; $x'(0) = 0\checkmark$; $x''(0) = 0\checkmark$; and $x'''(0) = 1\checkmark$. The proposed answer does everything it is supposed to do; it is correct!