

(16)

5. Find $\int \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} dx = \int \frac{du}{u} = \ln|u| + C$

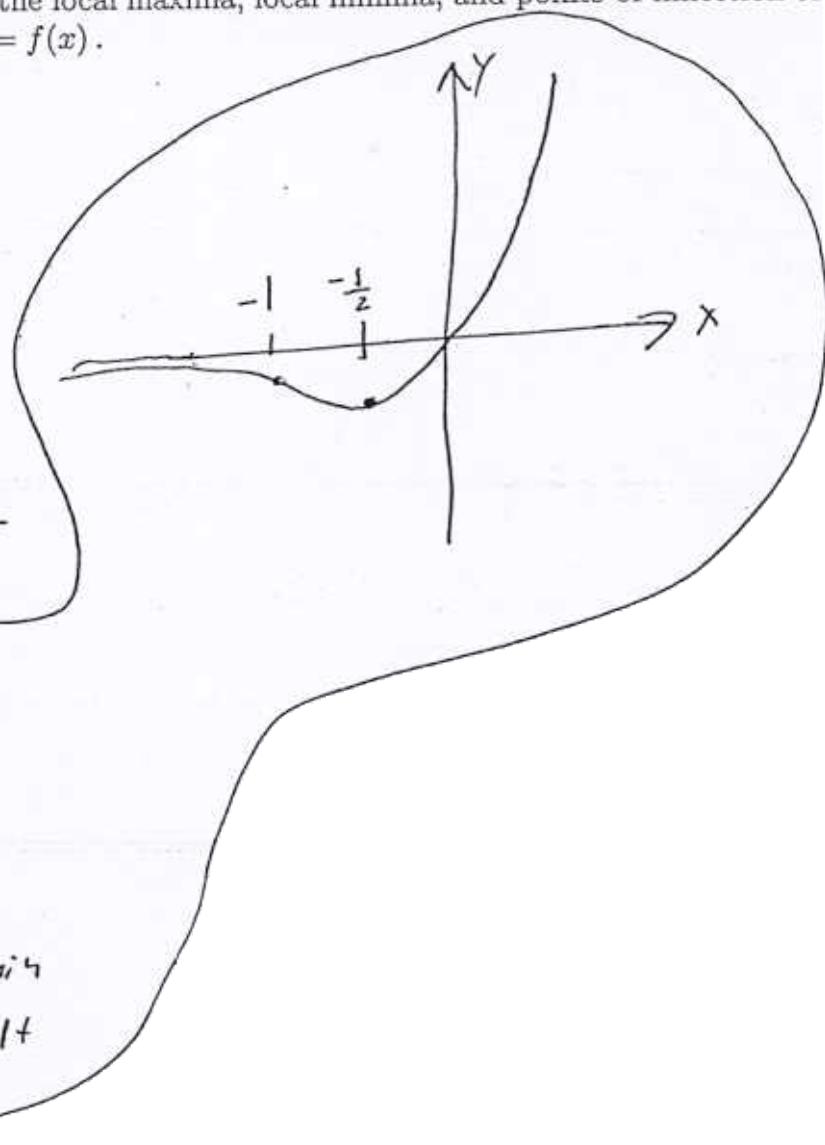
\uparrow
 $u = \sin x$
 $du = \cos x dx$

6. Let $f(x) = xe^{2x}$. Where is $f(x)$ increasing, decreasing, concave up, and concave down. Find the local maxima, local minima, and points of inflection of $y = f(x)$. Graph $y = f(x)$.

$$\begin{aligned}f' &= xe^{2x} + e^{2x} \\&= e^{2x}(x+1) \\f'' &= 4xe^{2x} + 2e^{2x} + 2e^{2x} \\&= 4e^{2x}(x+1)\end{aligned}$$

$f' \text{ has}$	$f' \text{ pos}$
-1	$-\frac{1}{2}$

$f'' \text{ has}$	$f'' \text{ pos}$
-1	$-\frac{1}{2}$



f is inc for $x > -\frac{1}{2}$
 f is dec for $x < -\frac{1}{2}$
 f is c.u. for $-1 < x$
 f is c.d. for $x < -1$
no local max
 $(-\frac{1}{2}, f(-\frac{1}{2}))$ is a local min
 $(-1, f(-1))$ is a local max