

Quiz 17, March 2, 2016

Consider the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln\left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)$.

(a) Find a closed formula for the partial sum $s_N = \sum_{n=1}^N \ln\left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)$.

(b) Does the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln\left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)$ converge? If so, find its sum.

Answer:

(a) We see that

$$\begin{aligned} s_N &= \sum_{n=1}^N \ln\left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right) \\ &= \ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \ln\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) + \ln\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) + \cdots + \ln\left(\frac{N}{N+1}\right) \\ &= [\ln(1) - \ln(2)] + [\ln(2) - \ln(3)] + [\ln(3) - \ln(4)] + \frac{2}{3} + \cdots \\ &\quad \cdots + [\ln(N-1) - \ln(N)] + [\ln(N) - \ln(N+1)] \\ &= \ln(1) - \ln(N+1) = \boxed{-\ln(N+1)}. \end{aligned}$$

(b) The sum of the series is the limit of the sequence of partial sums and this is

$$\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} -\ln(N+1) = -\infty.$$

We conclude that

the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln\left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)$ diverges to $-\infty$.
--