

1) Using a Truth Table show that

$$[(A \rightarrow B) \wedge (B \rightarrow C)] \rightarrow (A \rightarrow C)$$

is a tautology.

2) Prove That

$[(A \rightarrow B) \wedge (B \rightarrow C)] \rightarrow (A \rightarrow D)$ is valid using a
proof sequence

3) Add explanations to the steps in the proof sequence for

$$A \wedge (B \rightarrow C) \wedge [(A \wedge B) \rightarrow (D \vee C')] \wedge B \rightarrow D$$

- 1) A _____
- 2) $B \rightarrow C$ _____
- 3) $(A \wedge B) \rightarrow (D \vee C')$ _____
- 4) B _____
- 5) C _____
- 6) $A \wedge B$ _____
- 7) $D \vee C'$ _____
- 8) $C \rightarrow D$ _____
- 9) D _____

4) Let $B(x)$ be " x is a bear"
 $E(x,y)$ be " x eats y ",
 $S(x)$ be " x is a salmon".

Write the following statements, using the world as the domain.

- a) All bears eat all salmon
- b) Some bears eat all salmon
- c) Only bears eat salmon.

5) Give a proof sequence for the following argument.

$$(\exists x) P(x) \wedge \cancel{(\forall x)}(P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)) \rightarrow (\exists x) Q(x).$$

6) Give an interpretation to show the following is not valid.

$$(\forall x) [P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)] \rightarrow [(\exists x) P(x) \rightarrow (\forall x) Q(x)].$$

- ⑦ Variables X, Y, Z have values a, b, c respectively.
 Prove That The following program changes them to
 c, a, b respectively, using Hoare triples for proof of
 Correctness.

$\text{temp} = \cancel{X}$

~~A~~

$X = Z$

$Z = Y$

$Y = \text{temp}$.

- ⑧ Verify the correctness of The following program with
 precondition and post-condition as given.

$\{x=7\}$

if $x \geq 0$ then

$y = x$

else

$y = 2^x$

end if

$\{y=7\}$.

- 9) Prove That The sum of two odd integers is odd.
- 10) Prove That the sum of an integer and its square is even.
- 11) Consider The following statements
- ~~* If G has no large odd cycle and no large odd hole~~
- ~~If G is Eulerian, Then G has odd~~
- "If G has every vertex with even degree, Then G is Eulerian."
- Write
- The contrapositive
 - The Converse
- 12) Prove that The sum of two rational numbers is rational.
- 13) Prove by induction:
- For all $n \geq 1$, $7^n - 2^n$ is divisible by 5.
 - For all $n \geq 7$, $n^2 > 5n + 10$.
 - For all $n \geq 1$,
- $$1 + 5 + 9 + \dots + (4n-3) = n(2n-1)$$
- 14) Use The Euclidean algorithm to find the Greatest Common Divisor of 735 and 90.