

Quiz #11

SOLUTION

1. { 12 points } Show that the given sequence is strictly increasing or strictly decreasing. If it is neither, state whether the sequence is eventually strictly increasing or eventually strictly decreasing.

$$(A) \quad \left\{ \frac{3^n}{n!} \right\}_{n=2}^{\infty}$$

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{3^{n+1} n!}{(n+1)! 3^n} = \frac{3}{n+1} < 1 \quad \text{for } n > 2$$

The sequence is decreasing and eventually strictly decreasing.

$$(B) \quad \left\{ n^4 e^{-n} \right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

$$f(x) := x^4 e^{-x} \quad f'(x) = 4x^3 e^{-x} - x^4 e^{-x} = x^3(4-x)e^{-x} < 0 \quad \text{for } x > 4$$

Thus, $f(n+1) < f(n)$ for $n > 4$ and the sequence is eventually strictly decreasing.

$$(C) \quad \left\{ \frac{1}{n - \ln n} \right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{n - \ln n}{n+1 - \ln(n+1)} < 1 \quad \text{if } n - \ln n < n+1 - \ln(n+1)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \ln(n+1) < 1 + \ln n = \ln e + \ln n = \ln(en) \Leftrightarrow n+1 < en$$

Since $\frac{n+1}{n} < e$ for $n \geq 1$, the sequence is strictly decreasing.